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# SELBURGH BOARD REPORT

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COMMENDATION

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# SPECIAL QUALITIES

	His civilian record is impressive	• 💿 -
	He will be a good fighting soldier	⊕ · -
5.	He will make a good organiser	+ (0) -
-	He can command others	+ 0 O
5.	He will be popular with his associates	+063
6.	He has a personality which will impress . othera	+ (6) -
7.	He is considerate of others	<b>+</b> (i) -
8_	He will cooperate well	O 0 -
9_	He is tactful	<u>• (a)  -                                    </u>
10-	He has stability of temperament	- (0) -
11.	He is thoroughly reliable	<b>↔ ⑥</b> -
12.	He has a good sense of discipline	<b>.</b>
13.	He will retain a steady morale throughout	• <b>0</b>
14-	He has self-confidence	+ 0 Cas
15.	He can take decisions decisively	+ · · O
16.	He will have enthusiasm for the work	<b>⊙</b> 0

### --- SPECIAL QUALITIES

17.	He has plenty of personal initiative	<b>• (0) -</b>
18.	He is capable of acting independently	• 0 -
19.	He welcomes responsibility	• (0) -
20.	He is capable of assuming responsibility	+ 0 🖯
21.	He is an aggressive active type	<b>⊙</b> ∘ -
22.	He has good planning ability	+ 0 -
23.	He is a very practical sort of made	(D) 0 -
24.	He is a man of the world	Q • -
25.	He will be determined and will : persever	+ @ -
26_	He is clear-thinking	+ 0 C
27.	He uses his intelligence to best advantage	• 💿 -
28.	He is fond of risk and adventure	<b>⊕</b> o -
29.	He has good physical stamina	+ (0) -
30.	He is physically agile	<b>⊙</b> • -
31.	His motivation is sound	<b>⊙</b> ∘ -
32.	He is a man of integrity	(O) -

# GENERAL REMARKS

This man shows complete lack of any leadership qualifications and it is extremely doubtful whether he would develop any during training. His experience in the French Army and in France after the fall, as well as his French background, should be used in some capacity and it is suggested, therefore, that he would be more suited as a subordinate member of a coup-de-main party.

MAJOR,
D/PRESIDENT

For PRESIDENT JEDBURGH BOARD.

(P.113)

Code Name	min. minimum Silos do	G0 140(1162		REF. MAPS	C.QC
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To:- Lt. Colonel Carleton-Smith

les. 10 Apr 44.

From: - Commandant M.E.65

1st. Lieut. L.E. CONEIN.

1. This Office has received a copy of lajor Tyson's Confidential letter to Lajor Coxe, dated 3 Apr 44.

It is assumed that you will arrange for necessary altera-

2. Formal approval for the change of name will be required

RDG/DLO

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CONSIGNOR:

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MAS/WI/28/98.

To: Major Marten.

FIRE

Prom: Capt. Mawer

SUBJECT:

Carpenter.

SENDIFG:

This has been Carpenter's weak point. From the moment he arrived here, we realised he would have to improve his sending if he was to be fit to go into the field. Every effort has been made to do this, and it is still quite impossible for Carpenter to send accurately at a speed of above 14 w.p.m.

RECEIVING:

Fairly good. Accurate at 18 w.p.m.

B.SET & JED.SET: He has a fair knowledge of these sets sufficient to work them in the field.

> The only weak point is his sending. and in view of the importance of receiving messages accurately, it will be quite impossible to send Carpenter into the field as a Wireless Operator.

MUNICAPT. R. SIGNALS! Requires audlier Vest.

Has been practicing 15's

Har been study say takes.

9th August, 1944.

Sending with Eft hand. OK Consin.

33



APO 887 17 October 1944

SUBJECT: Status of Set. JAHES J. CARPENTER, ASN 15121222

\*\*Commanding Officer, C.I. Section S. F. Detachment #12.

1. For will find hererith copy of original cable from SCSOP LOHDON, Mr. 6521 dated 6 October 19.4 requesting investigation on Sgt. Carpenter; copy of our letter to you dated 10 October 1944 furnishing all information we had collected on this case and requesting the assistance of your staff; and our cable Mr 8554 at 10 October 1944 to SCSOP LOHDON, which is self-explanatory and to which we have as yet not received a reply. The attached represent our complete file on this subject.

2. In accordance with instructions received from the Chief. Restern European Section, this case is turned over to you for handling to conclusion.

### TECLOSURES:

Inel 1- Cable from SOSOP, LONDON No. 6521 Inel 2- Letter 10 October to CO. CI Section, SF Det #12. Inel 3- Cable to SOSOP, LONDON No. 8554

R. B. IACOSTE let It., Inf Investigating Officer



HQ & HQ DETACHMENT
OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES
EUROPEAN THEATER OF OPERATIONS
UNITED STATES ARMY
FORWARD
SO/ME

APO 887 10 October 1944

SUBJECT: Sgt James J. Carpenter, 15121222

TO : CO, CI Section, SF Det #12

- n l. Upon orders received from London, this office is endeavoring to locate Sgt James J. Capenter, who was radio operator of Jedburgh Team HARK. This man left Algiers on 15 August and was to have reported to Avignon 23 September.
- 2. We are advised today by Capt Guillot who was in Avignon between 18 Sept and 8 Oct that Carpenter was not there but that Capt E. T. Allen had mentioned having seen Lt Conien, who was on same team as Carpenter, at Toulouse. Further, T/Sgt William Adams of Aube Mission advises today that he saw Carpenter in Toulouse around 15 Sept.
- 3. Capt Grell advised that two officers of S.P.O.C., Major Barbier (Br.) and Lt Bonnet, Hotel Crillon, Avignon, may possess information as to Carpenter's whereabouts.
- 4. Will you kindly check your records and give us the benefit of what they reflect on the subject of Sgt Carpenter's present location? If Sgt Caprenter or Lt Conein arrive at your Hq, please instruct them to report to this office immediately. It is further suggested that agents returning to you from Toulouse might be able to throw light on the matter.
- 5. Lt Lacoste has been assigned the mission of locating Sgt Carpenter.

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PAUL VAN DER STRICHT Lt Col, AUS Chief, Western European Section PROM: Lt de Roussy de Sales

# Draft of Earrative for Granting of Award tos

# 1st Lieutemant Lucion B. Comin, Inf. 0-1322769.

Ligutement Comein coming from Algiers parachuted into France 16 August 1944 as a number of the Jedburgh Toam MARK, assigned to arm and assist the Maquis in the Gers Department, in guerrilla warfare against German garrisons and convoys.

On 19 August in its first participation in a Maquis attack on a convoy at Isle Jourdain the Team captured seven prisoners.

Shortly afterwards with the general evacuation by the Germans of southwestern France the work of the Team becam, largely that of intelligence and liaison including trips to the Spanish border, to Agen, and to Marseilles. The most important work, however, was done in the area of Royan where in conjunction with other Jedburgh Teams this Team worked to piece together the detailed plan of the German defenses. Arrangem ments also were made to pass on intelligence to a squadron of French plance that made twelve successful attacks on Royano

It DE BOURSY DE SALES

AWARD RECOMMENDED:

STEPHEN C. MILLETT. JR. Major. AC Chief, Western European Section

no award

Contents UNCLASSIFIED

TO: Major Stephen C. Millett, Jr.

PROM: Lt de Roussy de Sales

# Draft of Herrative for Granting of Award to: 1st Lieutemant Lucion B. Comein, Inf. 0-1522769.

Limitement Comein coming from Algiers parachuted into France 16 August 1944 as a member of the Jedburgh Team LAKE, assigned to arm and assist the Equis in the Gers Department, in guerrilla warfare against German garrisons and compays.

On 19 August in its first participation in a Maquis attack on a convoy at isle Jourdain the feen captured seven prisoners.

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AWARD RECOISON NUED :

STEPREN C. MILLETT, JR. Major, AC Chief, Western Buropeon Section

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REPORT

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TO: Major Stophen C. Hillett, Jr.

PROME Lt de Roussy de Sales

# Draft of Harrative for Granting of Award tos

# M/8gt James J. Carpenter, AUS, 15121222.

Sorgeant Carpenter coming from Algiers parachuted into France 16 August 1944 as radio operator for the "edburgh Isan MARK, assigned to arm and assist the Maquis is the Gers Department, in Guerrilia Harfare against German garrisons and conveys.

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AWARD RECOMMENDED

no around scm

STEPRE C. KILLETT. JR. MAJOR, AC CHIEP, WESTERN EUROPHAN SECTION

# NAME CONEIN, LUCIEN E KARE 151 T ASIS 0-1322769 NAME & ADDRESS MRS. Jeanne A. McBee (AUNT) 1637 15 STREET SANFRANCISCO ENTERED MILITARY SERVICY FAUL (CITY & STATE) KANSESC CITY KANSES DATE OF ENTRY INTO THE FIELD 16 AUD 1944 DATE RETURNED FROM THE PIELD 24 100/ 1944 ASSIGNED AREA IN FIELD GERS - TARN ET GARRONE NUMBER OF RESISTANCE PERSONNEL 8,000 WOUNDS CR INJURIES SPRAINED AURLE ON LANDING

Contents UNCLASSIFIED

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269 Badford Place
ELEVICE FAIR (CITY & STATE) Columbian Office
DATE OF ENTRY INTO THE FIELD 16 Had to 1444
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HUMBER OF RESISTANCE PERSONNEL S. O.C. O.
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DECORATIONS ON RECORD

Content ONICLASSIFIED POPTE 25 april 19.77

# REPORT OF JEDBURGH TEAM MARK

1 10 August - 23 November 1944

lst Lt Lucien E. Conein (US)
Lt Thevenet (Fr)
Lt Reynond (Fr)
M/Sgt Jenes Carpenter (US)

ARRA: Department of Gers

DATE OF DISPATCE: 16 August 1944

MISSION: 1. Go to Circuit WHEFLWRIGHT in Tarne et Garrone

- 2. To assist in organizing the FFI and resistance
- 3. To report potentiality of these groups
- 4. To act as liaison between resistance and EMFFI and obtain arms and supplies for the resistance.

TRANSPORT: Literator Aircraft from Blids Airport, Algeria.

DROP: Drop made on third run over the field on Ground BUFFALO BILL.

After being left high and dry for six weeks, we were finally sent to France but only after a mission came to London to get orders and briefs. We believe we were sent into the field to be out of the way and cause no more trouble.

Due to the wonderful work of Ensign Daphne Park we were briefed. We left Blida, Algeria at 2030 hrs on 16 August arriving 32 hrs later over the landing grounds BUFFALO BILL. The ground was very well lit up and it was possible to see the bonfires from a great distance. It had been arranged before takeoff with the pilot, that containers, packages and bodies would be dropped, in that order. For some unknown reason the pilot headed with the wind instead of against it, thus causing us to land 6 kilometers from the landing ground. Except for a sprained ankle by Lt Conein the drop was successful. The injury was due to twisted rigging lines and railure of the pilot to cut the motor.

We hid in the field that night and left in the early morning.

We walked through fields and contacted an old peasant who took us by diverse routes to a group of wounded maquis where we made our first contact. We were then taken to Hilaire, a British agent, who had been in the field for two years and controlled the armed resistance in R-4.

At the initial conference with Hilaire it was apparent that it. was impossible for the team to go to Tarne et Garonne inasmuch as the military situation had completely changed within the last few days.

On the aftermoon of 17 August at our suggestion Ravanel alias Hexagon, alias Verdun, Regional Chief of the FFI, Rosette representing Droite IMA, Col Vincent end other leaders called a war council with Hilaire and all the Allied missions in the area. At this meeting Ravanel gave orders that our maquis would not move without his personal orders. That night agents brought word that the German garrison at Auch was preparing to move to Toulouse and were coming through our area. Hilaire asked us to order the maquis to intercept this movement. His reason for this request was that he lacked sufficient power to countermand Ravanel's orders and as we had just arrived from London we could give orders in the name of General Fisenhower. This done, automatically cancelling all previous orders.

Declassified by Ooy 711
date as 4/44/1977

We then called a meeting of all local leaders — Capt Parisot, Cadt Cellerier, Cadt Camillio of the Spanish Maquis, and all Cattalion leaders including the Group Franc of the Gers. Orders were issued to make contact with the Germans and to wipe them out on all roads. Like everything else in France, this took about 24 hours of argument before a decision was made.

At 0900 hrs 19 August the column under Capt Parisot moved out.

At 1000 hrs information was received that the Germens were moving out.

At 1100 hrs we left with Capt Medin's column of 23 trucks, 8 civilian cars and o motorcycles by secondary roads to stop the Germans. It took us o hrs to so 100 miles due to the fact that the trucks were not running with assoline, but with charpon de bois.

At 1730 hrs the first contact was made with the Germans at a cross-road 100 yds from Isle Jourdain. Firing commenced immediately and as we were in the first car, we rushed back, haited the men and made them set off the trucks and into the ditches.

Orders from Capt Macin were fast but very confused. The 4th
Company was ordered to block a bridge with one Contany of Group France
on the left flank and take positions on railroad track. The first
shots were fired between the matuis causing casualties on both sides.
This was due to disobedience or orders on the part of Capt Rothe of
the 4th Company. Instructions were then issued to the 1st and oth
Companies to surround the town blocking all roads, control points
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a decision was made to try to make an armistice. Jed Tean Mark
strongly opposed this but due to the higher rank and greater number
of the French leaders, we were over-ruled.

At 0500 hrs next morning with Capt Parisot, Cmdt Cellerier we advanced down the road where we encountered all the Germans lined up in columns of four in the middle of the road. Capt Parisot advanced and began negotiations! The conversation being in German, we did not understand a word. After fifteen minutes the German would continue fighting. A five minute armistice was the Germans would continue fighting. A five minute armistice was agreed on and the Germans dispersed to take up battle positions. If this armistice had not been made we could have moved down all of them in five minutes as we were now superior in numbers; their forces numbering only slightly over 300.

That afternoon an agent from kavanel brought news that the column Camillio of the Spanish Maquis was coming up on the German right flank with one company of CFF and should arrive about 1730 hrs. We immediately issued orders to Camillio and Penjadas who commanded the CFP to make an attack on the house which the Germans were using as; their headquarters. At 1840 hrs we would cease firing and make an attack in conjunction with them on both sides of the German rlank. This worked very well except that Camillio never arrived, for he was celebrating in Auch and looting the tobacco stores. At 1045 we took one section of the 6th Company along the ditch in the road and adwanced to a point about 40 yards from the German trucks. When the cease fire signal was given we had arrived on the German left flank. It was now that the Boone started to give up in earnest. The team! score of prisoners was the grand total of seven. The actual righting stopped about 2000 hrs. We lost nine men and sixteen wounded. The Germans lost sixty two dead and forty six wounded and how many got away I still don't know, but I learned later that we had nineteen dead and over forty sounded. Next morning soing on to the battle field I only saw elohteen German corpses. The lost remarkable thing

We then called a meeting of all local leaders -- Capt Parisot, Cmdt Cellerier, Cmit Camillio of the Spanish Maguis, and all pattalion leaders including the Group Franc of the Gers. Orders were issued to make contact with the Germans and to wipe them out on all roads. Like everything else in France, this took about 24 hours of argument before a decision was made.

At 0900 hrs 13 August the column under Capt Parisot noved out.

At 1000 hrs information was received that the Germans were moving out.

At 1100 hrs we left with Capt Mecin's column of 23 trucks, 6 civilian cars and 6 motorcycles by secondary roads to stop the Germans. It took us 6 hrs to go 100 miles due to the fact that the trucks were not running with sasoline, but with charpon de bois.

At 1730 hrs the first contact was made with the Germans at a cross-road 200 yds from Isle Jourdain. Firing commenced immediately and as we were in the first car, we rushed back, haited the men and made them set off the trucks and into the ditches.

Orders from Capt Medin were fast but very confused. The 4th Company was ordered to block a bridge with one Company of Group France on the left fland and take positions on railroad track. The first shots were fired between the maquis causing casualties on both sides. This was due to disobedience of orders on the part of Capt Roche of the 4th Company. Instructions were then issued to the 1st and 5th Companies to surround the town blocking all roads, control points and strong points. Immediately on contact with the Germans word was sent to Ravenal acquainting him with the military position and asking for aid. The battle lasted until 3130 hrs when both sides stopped firing. That evening at a meeting of battalion and company commanders, a decision was made to try to make an armistice. Jed Team MARK strongly opposed this but due to the higher rank and greater number of the French leaders, we were over-ruled.

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about this battle was that the Germans had United States motorcycles, British Sten guns and automatic rifles and "recurerated" American 9mm ammunition.

Incidents which occurred during the battle proved that the discipline among the German column, though beaten, was remarkable.

Next morning Hilaire asked me to go to Toulouse and negotiate with Ravanel for the entry of the Brigade of Armagnac. When we arrived in Toulouse 23 August, fighting was going on in the streets between the French and Milice. The FTF was on the outskirts of the town waiting to make their entry after having let all the Germans escape from Toulouse. Ravanel received me very coldly and finally agreed on the entry of the Brigade of Armagnac. On my way out of town one motorcycle of my escort broke down and I was left in the middle of the town. When the Milice saw the American flag flying from the car they began firing at me from the roof tops. The civilian population began to absolutely mob the car and I had to draw a gun to keep them away. I then made my first public speech. I announced in public that the American troops were 10 kilometers from Toulouse, that I was the advance guard and that we would enter the next day. At that moment I did not realize what proportions a false rumor would make. For three weeks the people were sewing American and British flags, and standing on the roads expeding the phantom column.

At this point Hilaire started using Jed Team MARK for military political work. Many secret meetings were held at which I was not present and I was sent on missions for Hilaire of which I did not have full knowledge although Lt Thevenet was fully acquainted with all the details.

On 24 August we went to Agen in an attempt to settle a political squabble between the FTPF and the FFI. While there Lt Thevenet negotiated to sack Colonel Durandel. I was informed that this move was for the food of the military situation and accordingly agreed.

Returning from Agen I informed Lt Thevenet that I would attend all future secret meetings; that I was responsible for the team; that I had an American radio operator and that under no circumstances were any telegrams to be sent without my knowledge or permission, as had been done in the past.

On 30 August we went to Besier to contact the local resistance leaders of the region and was advised they had no arms. Seeing that the situation was becoming political instead of military I advised London to prepare to disarm the civilian population who were shooting each other. This battle lasted about six days during which time our house was attacked twice by the French. Inasmuch as I had no power to disarm the civilian population I returned to Toulouse to inform Ravanel of the situation and request his cooperation. Ravanel said he would have to call a meeting of his council. I then asked for arms from London for my group of maquis. After waiting several weeks two planes arrived bringing us only four machine gums and a quantity of medical supplies.

Hilaire asked me to go to the Spanish border to check up on the situation there. I round lie men guarding a 50 foot bridge, French officers going to and from St Sebastian, Spain. During the week over 800 Spaniards had come from Spain to France and over 1,200 Germans had gone to Spain where they were cheered and received by the Fascists. I made a report to London about this situation and told them to inform the American Embassy and the British Foreign Office. On my return to Toulouse, these facts were reported to Hilaire.

I went to Marseilles on 8 September to see General Cochet and inform him of the general situation in the FFI and particularly on the Spanish border. The General issued orders, in my presence, to create a Zone Interdite and blackout on the frontier. He also issued orders to General Bertin to cease his functions as of 12 September. All of these orders I brought back to Toulouse and turned over to Rayanel.

Several days later General De Gaulle arrived. His orders were that all allied missions would quit Toulouse and return to the UK.

As Lt Thevenet had gone to Paris on a mission and had never returned, I left Toulouse with Sgt Carpenter. I teamed up with Capt Raymond of Team MARTIN and informed London accordingly. Our mission was transferred from one of aid to one of intelligence. We organized a group of agents in the Royan Sector and established our headquarters at Port d'Enveaux.

All intelligence was passed on to the Britteny Base Section in Rennes and from there to SHAFF. We also made contact with the 94th Division Headquarters at Chateaubriant where I learned they had an escadrille of French planes at Vannes. I immediately left for Vannes and made contact with the leader of the escadrille whose mission was to harrass the enemy positions in our sector. I gave him necessary intelligence on the targets and arranged a means of communications by panels. When the plane would arrive over the panels and buzz twice that meant he would land at Cognac where he would pick up the latest intelligence and ask the pilots to bomb. Twelve of these missions had been carried out and were very successful.

As messages to London were not answered I went to Paris and contacted SHAEF who ordered me to return to the field and bring back all the latest intelligence. In the meantime General Delarminat took charge of operations on the Western Front and after making contact with him and other members of his staff we were told to leave for Paris as the Jed missions were no longer wanted. I completely understand this because the French Army has not won an important battle in France and it is necessary for the morale of the French Army that the French should lay on an operation completely Prench that will be successful.

I arrived in Paris on 13 November. Several days later, accompanied by Major Montgomery of Jed Team TONY, I went to 6th Army Group Headquarters at Vittel to report on the situation in my area. We were interrogated by G-2 and G-3 and returned to Paris 12 November. I left Paris on 24 November and arrived in London the same day.

# MAQUIS STREEGTH AND ARMAMENT:

Personnel	On Team's Arrival	On Team's Departure
Colonels Lt Colonels Majors Captains Lieutenants Sergeants Corporals Men	0 0 1 24 46 42 16 1,097	1 2 11 31 47 46 52 1,843



Armement	On Team's Arrive	1 On Team's Deterture
Pistols	800	1,200
Rifles	512	964
Sten Guns	300	316
Automatic Rifl	les 61	75
Machine Guns (	light) 30	82
Machine Guns	heavy) 0	8
20mm Guns	0	
75mm Guns	0	, <b>2</b>
77mm Guns	0	ž
105 mm Guns	0	Š
Light Tanks		7-

# ENEMY SITUATION:

The enemy is strongly fortified, provided with abundant artillery amply supplied with munitions tut lacking aircraft. These defences block the ports of LCRIENC, ST MAZAIRE, LA ROCHELLE and BORDBAUX and comprise of 70,000 men.

In the Royan zone is a total of 11,000 men, including reinforcements of 3,000 men who arrived from Verdon 11 November. These are all commanded by Admiral Michaelles.

65% are foreigners without any loyalty to the Reich (Poles, some Russians, some Czechs) and are ready to surrender. They form part of the garrisons of the block houses and of certain inner batteries in the fortified zone. They are brigaded with Germans.

35% are pure Germans, 2,000 of them SS and 2,500 Marines. The stabilization of the Eastern Front has reised their hopes a bit.

### POLITICAL NOTES:

The mission of Jed Team MARK was not political. However, in France it is impossible to disassociate politics from the military.

- 1. There is no political union in France.
- 2. Most Comite de Liberation formed, are socialist and communist.
- 5. Under pressure of the CDL the FFI has, in many places, given way to the FTPF.
- 4. The Movement de Liberation National is trying to unite with the Front National; both keeping their charters and working together.
- 5. General de Gaulle is losing popularity in many corners of France. Reasons:
  - a. Food situations have not changed and in some places are worse.
  - b. Vichy laws are still enforced.
  - c. No unity.

### RIMARKS:

France has been occupied partially for four years and totally for two years.

The politics of Vichy have divided the country.

France has 1,000,000 prisoners, among them some of the best soldiers and leaders of France.

### PERSONALITIES:

Lt Col Parisot. Killed 6 September by RAF plane landing at Francazal with equipment I had requested. A true patriot and superior leader, Col Parisot was an inspiration to all who knew him.

Lt Col Monnet. Successor to Col Farisot. Commendant of the Demi Brigade of Armagnac. Politically minded -- very pro De Gaulle.

Major Cellerier. Commander of the 6th Chasseur Alpin En in 1939/40, Ex S.O.L., actual military leader of our maquis. Rendered invaluable service to Jed Team MARK. Condemned to death by the communists from the Gers.

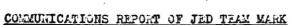
Ravenel. Regional Chief of the FFT of R-4. A very intelligent man. Has communistic tendencies and will be appointed to the French War Ministry soon. Has said in public "The Americans and English have never had confidence in the FFI". Very anti-allied but not pro-German.

Droite. DMR R-4. A fool incapable of making decisions.

Beck. A communist who double-crossed every one around him.

Charlier. Sent from Madrid as Commander of the Frontier. Is incapable and thinks only or having a good time in St Sebastian.

Rosette. A very good men and a capable leader, can make decisions. Took over when Droite was not present. Is now assistant G-3 to the French Ministry of War.



16 August - 23 November 1944

1st Lt Lucien E. Conein (US)
Lt Thevenet (Fr)
Lt Raymond (Fr)
M/Sgt Carpenter (US)

First contact was made with the home station on the second day after landing. Communications were maintained without interpuption throughout the entire mission.

No great difficulty was experienced with static and atmospherics and all wave lengths were satisfactory.

Until the last three weeks all operators at the base station gave splendid cooperation. During the last three weeks the standard of operations dropped slightly.

M/Sgt James J. Carpenter.

Declarified by April 277

The items contained in the assaulted Draft of Harrative have converified as follows:

I. FILED

TT. TELEGILIC

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IN THE ROUSSY IE S.LES

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### CITATION

I should like to bring to notice the splendid work done for the French Resistance movement and the whole-hearted cooperation accorded to the Allied military missions by Lt Col PARISOT. Col Parisot assisted Jedburgh Team MARK in many ways during the months of August and September, 1944.

While awaiting a delivery of arms for the maquis, asked for by Jed Team MARK, this brave soldier met his death by decapitation by an Allied plane which had undershot the lending field. Col Parisot's loyalty was unquestioned, his bravery was of the highest, and the esteen in which he was held by his fellow soldiers was unparalleled.

For his brilliant work and for his dauntless courage, this Alen has been awarded the Order of the British Empire by King George VI and has been made a Chevalier of the Legion d'Honneur by the French Government.

I propose that consideration be given to the posthumous award of the Legion of Merit by the Government of the United States.

Contents UNCLASSIFIED

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